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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
10/579,252	01/24/2007	Carlo Paletto	Q94721	7841	
23373 SUGHRUE MI	7590 12/07/2007 ON PLLC:		EXAMINER		
2100 PENNSYLVANIA AVENUE, N.W.			WOLFE, DEBRA M		
SUITE 800 WASHINGTO	N. DC 20037		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
	.,		3725		
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			12/07/2007	PAPER	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

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	Application No.	Applicant(s)				
	10/579,252	PALETTO, CARLO				
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit				
	Debra M. Wolfe	3725				
The MAILING DATE of this communication a Period for Reply	appears on the cover sheet w	th the correspondence address				
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REF WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING  - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory perion.  - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by starn Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the may earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	DATE OF THIS COMMUNION 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a solution of will apply and will expire SIX (6) MON tute, cause the application to become All	CATION. reply be timely filed ITHS from the mailing date of this communication BANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).				
Status						
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 12	? May 2006.					
2a) This action is <b>FINAL</b> . 2b) ⊠ T	☐ This action is <b>FINAL</b> . 2b) ☐ This action is non-final.					
3) Since this application is in condition for allow	•	·				
closed in accordance with the practice unde	er Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.E	i. 11, 453 O.G. 213.				
Disposition of Claims						
4) ⊠ Claim(s) <u>21-35</u> is/are pending in the applica 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withd 5) □ Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) ⊠ Claim(s) <u>21-24 and 31-33</u> is/are rejected. 7) ⊠ Claim(s) <u>25-30,34 and 35</u> is/are objected to. 8) □ Claim(s) are subject to restriction and	lrawn from consideration.					
Application Papers						
9)☐ The specification is objected to by the Exam						
10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) a						
Applicant may not request that any objection to the	<del>-</del> · ·					
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the corr	•		IJ.			
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119						
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for forei a) All b) Some * c) None of:  1. Certified copies of the priority docume 2. Certified copies of the priority docume 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority docume application from the International Bure * See the attached detailed Office action for a least to the priority docume  * See the attached detailed Office action for a least to the priority document to	ents have been received. ents have been received in A riority documents have been eau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	application No received in this National Stage				
Attachment(s)	_					
<ol> <li>Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)</li> <li>Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)</li> </ol>		Summary (PTO-413) s)/Mail Date				
3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date 5/12/2006.		nformal Patent Application				



#### **DETAILED ACTION**

### Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

(b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.

Claims 21 and 31-33 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Zampini (US Patent # 5,647,243). Zampini disclose a machine for the working of sheet metal parts (1, 2), comprising a tool-carrying unit (7, 11), a work piece carrying structure, a supporting structure (8), a movable unit (4) which carries the tool-carrying unit (7, 11) and is slidably mounted on the support structure (8) along a working direction and a first driving system for controlling the movement of the movable unit (4) in the first direction (working direction), the first driving system including a first driving shaft (9), a first motor unit [See col. 4 lines 27-30] for controlling the rotation of the first driving shaft and a mechanism for converting the rotational movement of the first driving shaft (9) into the translational movement of the movable unit (4), wherein the mechanism comprises a first cam member (7e, 7f) driven by the first driving shaft (9) and a first engagement surface (7c, 7d) arranged to co-operate with an outline of the first cam member (7e, 7f) to bring about a first working movement of the movable unit (4), the first engagement surface (7c, 7d) is provided by the work piece carrying structure. It is noted that the first engagement structure (7c, 7d) is provided by the work piece carrying structure through the supporting structure (8) since these two structures are connected to one another and the limitation provided does not define a connection between the members.



In reference to claim 31, Zampini further discloses the mechanism for converting the rotational movement of the first shaft (9) into the translational movement of the movable unit further comprises a second cam member (14e, 14f) driven by the first driving shaft (9) and a third engagement surface (14c, 14d) arranged to co-operate with the second cam member (14e, 14f) to bring about a second working movement of the movable unit (4) [See FIG 5].

In reference to claim 32, the direction of the first working movement of the movable unit (4) is the same as that of the second working movement.

In reference to claim 33, the tool-carrying unit (7, 11) carries a first pre-flanging tool (5) and a second final-flanging tool (10) in such a manner that the machine is adapted to perform a flanging operation in a first pre-flanging phase and in a second final-flanging phase., And the first driving system is configured in such a manner to drive the first working movement of the movable unit (4) to perform the pre-flanging phase and the second working movement of the movable unit to perform the final-flanging phase [See FIGS 8-10].

# Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

The factual inquiries set forth in *Graham* v. *John Deere Co.*, 383 U.S. 1, 148 USPQ 459 (1966), that are applied for establishing a background for determining obviousness under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) are summarized as follows:



Claims 21-24 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Dorsett (US Patent # 5,050,422) in view of Zampini (US Patent # 5,647,243). Dorsett discloses a machine for the working of sheet metal parts (4) comprising a tool-carrying unit (7), a work piece carrying structure (3) and a supporting structure (1), a movable unit (8, 11) which carries the tool-carrying unit (7) and is slidably mounted on the support structure (1) along a first direction and a first driving system for controlling the movement of the movable unit (8, 11) in the first direction, the first driving system including a mechanism for providing a translational movement of the movable unit (8, 11), wherein the mechanism comprises a first cam member (25) and a first engagement surface (27) arranged to co-operate with an outline of the first cam member (25) to bring about a first working movement of the movable unit (8, 11). It is noted that the first engagement structure (27) is provided by the work piece carrying structure (3) through the supporting structure (1) and movable unit (8, 11) since these structures are connected to one another and the limitation provided does not define a connection between the members. Dorsett discloses the invention substantially as claimed except for wherein the driving system includes a motor and drive shaft. However, Zampini teaches it is known in the hemming art to replace hydraulic driving mechanisms with mechanical driving mechanisms [See col. 1 lines 33-37] in order to reduce the cost and maintenance of the machine. Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to modify the hydraulic driving mechanism of Dorsett with a mechanical driving mechanism such as a motor and ball and screw device in order to reduce maintenance and cost.



In reference to claim 22, the first engagement surface (27) is provided on an opposite side of the work piece carrying structure (3) to the one on which the metal part (4) to be worked are arranged [See FIG 1].

In reference to claim 23, the first engagement surface (27) is a cylindrical surface provided by a first roller member rotatably mounted on the work piece carrying structure. It is noted that the roller (27) is rotatably mounted on the work piece carrying structure via arm (29) [See FIG 1].

In reference to claim 24, the cam member (25) is carried by the movable unit (8, 11) as seen in figures 2-4.

# Allowable Subject Matter

Claims 25-30, 34 and 35 are objected to as being dependent upon a rejected base claim, but would be allowable if rewritten in independent form including all of the limitations of the base claim and any intervening claims.

#### Conclusion

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Debra Wolfe whose telephone number is (571) 272-1904. The examiner can normally be reached Monday - Thursday 7am - 4:30pm with alternating Friday 7am - 3:30pm.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Derris Banks can be reached at (571) 272-4419. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.



Application/Control Number: 10/579,252

Art Unit: 3725

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Debra M Wolfe Examiner Art Unit 3725

EDTOLAN
PRIMARY EXAMINE